



WEST BENGAL STATE UNIVERSITY
B.Sc. Honours 3rd Semester Examination, 2022-23

CEMACOR07T-CHEMISTRY (CC7)

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

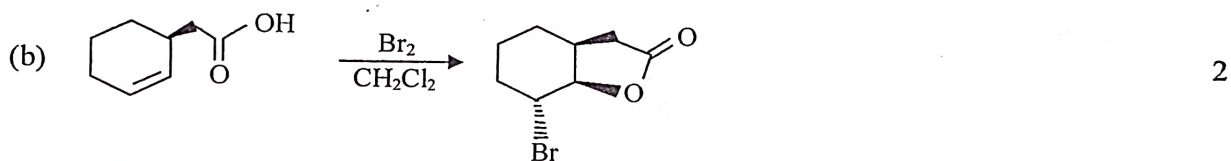
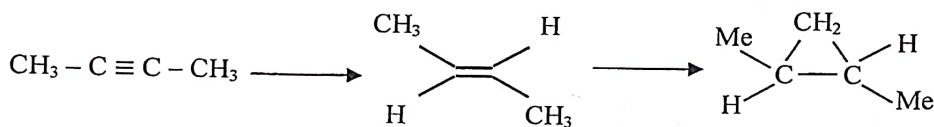
Full Marks: 40

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates should answer in their own words and adhere to the word limit as practicable.
All symbols are of usual significance.*

Answer any four questions taking one from each unit

UNIT-I

1. (a) Give appropriate reagents to carry out the following transformation and explain your answer. 3



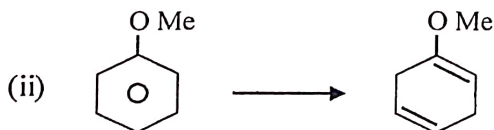
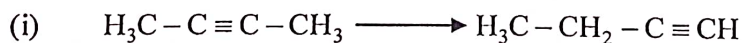
Explain the formation of product.

- (c) Carry out the following conversion: 2

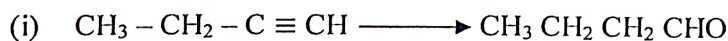
(i) *Z*-2-butene to *E*-2-butene.

- (d) Write the structures of the ozonides formed when 2,3-dimethyl-2-butene was subjected to ozonolysis in the presence of HCHO. Give the mechanism for ozonide formation. 3

2. (a) How can you carry out the following transformations? 2+2



(b) Transform



$1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}$

- (c) What happens when 1,3-butadiene is treated with HBr at -80°C and at 40°C separately? Predict the product composition in each case and offer proper explanation in support of your answer.

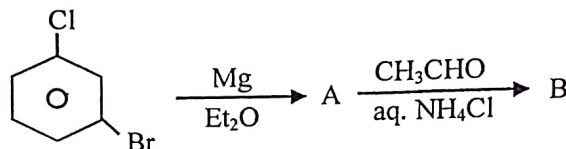
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UNIT-II

3. Answer any *three* from the following:

2×3 = 6

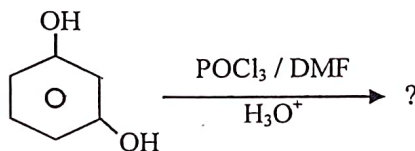
- (a) When benzene is separately treated with $\text{Me}_3\text{C}-\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ and $\text{Me}_2\text{CH}-\text{CH}(\text{Cl})\text{CH}_3$ in the presence of anhydrous AlCl_3 , same product is obtained. Identify the products with proper explanation.
- (b) Account for the following observation:
The amination of both *o*-chloroanisole and *m*-chloroanisole yields only *m*-anisidine.
- (c) Acetanilide readily decolorizes bromine colour when treated with Br_2/AcOH solution though it does not contain any olefinic unsaturation. Justify.
- (d) Identify compounds A and B in the following sequence of reactions and suggest mechanism of their formation



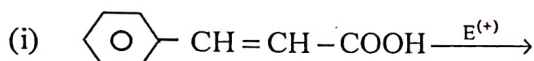
4. Answer any *three* from the following:

2×3 = 6

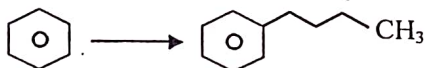
- (a) Write down the product of the following reaction with mechanism.



- (b) Mention the proper position of $\text{E}^{(+)}$ in the product of the following reactions



- (c) Suggest the most suitable method for the following conversion.

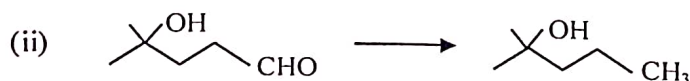
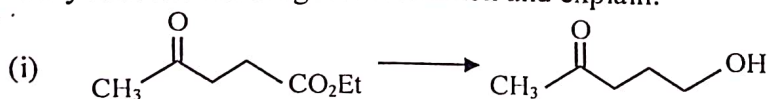


- (d) Rationalize the fact with suitable mechanism that nitration of 4-*t*-butyl toluene gives 4-nitro toluene as one of the products.

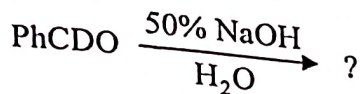
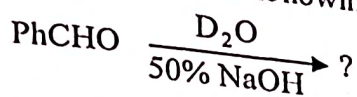
UNIT-III

5. (a) Carry out the following transformation and explain.

2+2

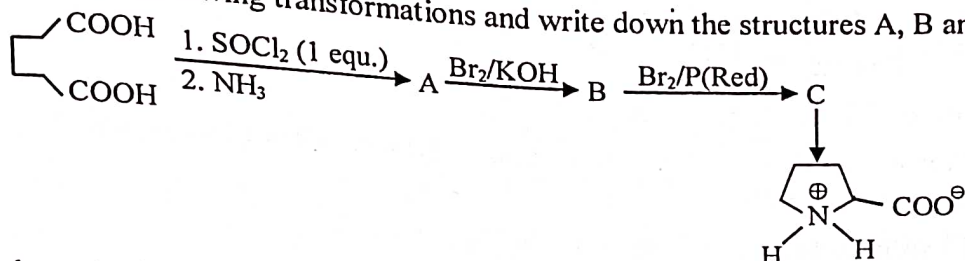


(b) Predict product(s) for the following reaction



3

(c) Complete the following transformations and write down the structures A, B and C.



3

(d) The bromination of acetone is catalysed by acids and it is zero order with respect to bromine. Discuss.

2

(e) Define atom economy. Give example.

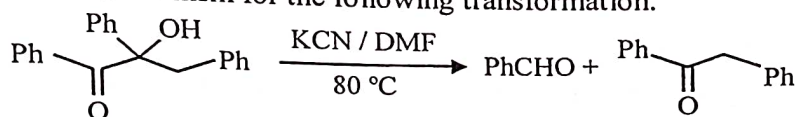
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(f) What product(s) are obtained when benzaldehyde is treated with propanoic anhydride and sodium propanoate? Give mechanism of the reaction.

2

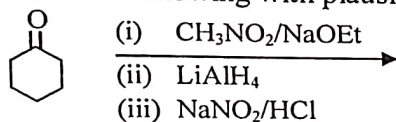
(g) Suggest a suitable mechanism for the following transformation.

2



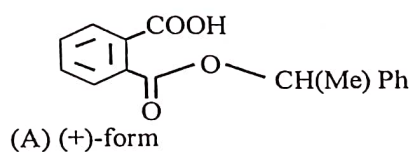
6. (a) Predict the product in the following with plausible explanation.

2



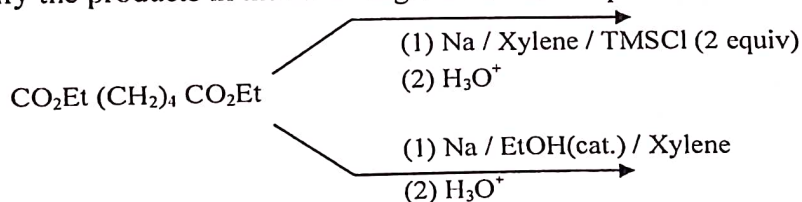
(b) The compound (A) in the following, on hydrolysis, yields (\pm) 1-phenylethanol. Explain.

2



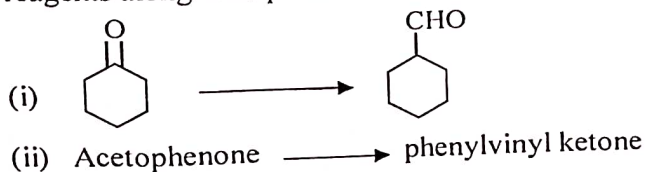
(c) Identify the products in the following reaction and explain

$1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}$

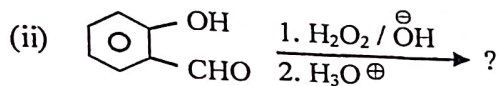
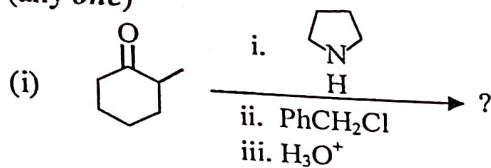


(d) Carry out the following conversions mentioning proper reaction conditions and reagents along with plausible mechanism.

2+2



(e) Predict the major product of the following reaction and explain why it is major one (any one) 3



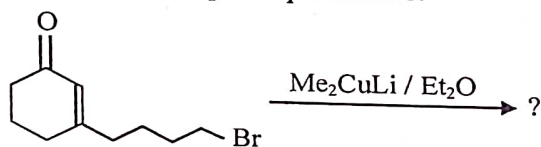
(f) Explain the following statements. 2+2

(i) Semicarbazide hydrochloride does not react with a ketone alone unless sodium acetate is mixed.

(ii) Chloral is obtained in hydrated form only. Explain.

UNIT-IV

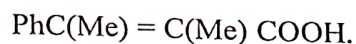
7. (a) Give the products with proper explanations: 2



(b) Predict the product with plausible mechanism in each of the following reactions: 2



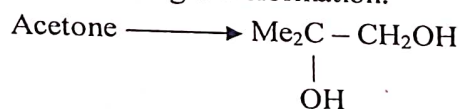
(c) How would you synthesize the following compound with the help of Reformatsky reaction? 2



8. (a) What happens when diisopropyl ketone is allowed to react with (i-Pr)₂MgBr? Give mechanism. Do you expect the same product if diisopropyl ketone is allowed to react with (i-Pr)₂CHLi? 3

(b) On treatment with Mg in dry ether, allyl-bromide gives hexa-1,5-diene whereas n-propyl bromide forms corresponding Grignard reagent — Justify. 1 1/2

(c) Carry out the following transformation. 1 1/2



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